

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 03-Dec-2007

Revision Date 16-Mar-2024

**Revision Number** 3

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Cat No. : Synonyms	Glyoxylic acid, 50% w/w aquous solution B25149 alpha-Ketoacetic acid; Formylformic acid; Glyoxalic acid
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	A2NQ-A0M7-PX0F-49NJ
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	afety data sheet
Company	Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US</b> :001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US</b> :001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887
Poison Centre - Emergency information services	Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) - 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week) Malta : +356 2395 2000 Cyprus : +357 2240 5611

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

### Physical hazards

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal

Category 1 (H290)

#### Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Skin Sensitization

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



#### Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	50	-
Acetic acid, oxo-	298-12-4	EEC No. 206-058-5	50	Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Met. Corr. 1 (H290)

Category 1 (H318) Category 1 (H317)

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Formaldehyde.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Prevent product from entering drains. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Store at room temperature. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 10 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### **Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)** / **Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)** See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)

#### Glyoxylic acid, 50% w/w aquous solution

Acetic acid, oxo-		DNEL = 4mg/kg bw/day
298-12-4 ( 50 )		

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Acetic acid, oxo- 298-12-4 ( 50 )				DNEL = 9.4mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Acetic acid, oxo- 298-12-4 ( 50 )	PNEC = 0.1mg/L	PNEC = 0.375mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 1mg/L	PNEC = 200mg/L	PNEC = 0.0163mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Acetic acid, oxo-	PNEC = 0.01mg/L	PNEC =		PNEC =	
298-12-4 ( 50 )	_	0.0375mg/kg		13.2999mg/kg food	
		sediment dw			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Nitrile rubber Neoprene Natural rubber PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Skin and body prote	ection Wear ap	propriate protective g	loves and clothing to p	prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

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Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
	Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141
	When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Glyoxylic acid, 50% w/w aquous solution

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Yellow pungent No data available -93 °C / -135.4 °F No data available 111 °C / 231.8 °F No data available Not applicable No data available	@ 760 mmHg Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat Vapor Pressure	No information available No data available No data available 0.3 No data available Miscible No information available er) 10 hPa (25°C)	<b>Method -</b> No information available
Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	1.300 Not applicable > 1.0 Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)

9.2. Other information

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reacti	ons_
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. No information available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Formaldehyde.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Oral Dermal Inhalation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Water	-	-	-
Acetic acid, oxo-	>2528 mg/kg (Rat)	>2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory Skin	No data available Category 1 May cause sensitization by skin contact
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
	Not mutagenic in AMES Test
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	No information available.
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing.

#### Glyoxylic acid, 50% w/w aquous solution

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Acetic acid, oxo-	LC50: 145 mg/L/24u (Danio	EC50: 330 mg/L/24u	
	Rerio)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence	Expected to be biodegradable Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	No data available for assessment.
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

#### IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3265 Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (GLYOXYLIC ACID) 8 III
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3265 Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (GLYOXYLIC ACID) 8 III
IATA	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3265 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.* (GLYOXYLIC ACID) 8 III
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	-	-	Х	Х	KE-35400	Х	-
Acetic acid, oxo-	298-12-4	206-058-5	-	-	Х	Х	KE-18080	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Water	7732-18-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetic acid, oxo-	298-12-4	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component		REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Water	7732-18-5	-	-	-
Acetic acid, oxo-	298-12-4	-	Use restricted. See item	-

#### Glyoxylic acid, 50% w/w aquous solution

	75.	
	(see link for restriction	
	details)	

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetic acid, oxo-	298-12-4	Not applicable	Not applicable

# Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

#### Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### **WGK Classification**

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Acetic acid, oxo-	WGK1	

Component Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)		Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure	
	Acetic acid, oxo- 298-12-4 ( 50 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory			
<b>EINECS/ELINCS</b> - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemics Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances				
<b>PICCS</b> - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances			
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances			
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals			
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average			
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer			
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)			
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%			
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%			
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water			
<b>PBT</b> - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative			
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association			
<b>IMO/IMDG</b> - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships			
<b>OECD</b> - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate			
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)			
Key literature references and sources for data				
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals				
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS				
Classification and procedure used to derive the classification	on for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:			
Physical hazards On basis of test data				
Health Hazards Calculation method				
Tealui Tazarus Gaiculation method				

#### Training Advice

**Environmental hazards** 

Glyoxylic acid, 50% w/w aquous solution

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date	03-Dec-2007
Revision Date	16-Mar-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

Calculation method

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# End of Safety Data Sheet